

## Time-Tagging Raw Data on the iG8 GNSS Rover

Date: 4 October 4, 2017

By: Mark Silver, <u>ms@igage.com</u>, +1-801-412-0011 x16

PG8 GNSS

The iG8 receivers have 27-Gigabtyes of flash memory for storing observation data. By default both Base and Rover are programmed to automatically open a file and record 1 Hz data, every time they are powered up.

The GNSS engine in the iG8 generates about 5 megabytes of data per hour for an average constellation in the USA. So the iG8 will store about 225 days of continuous 24-hour per day data.

It is common to use the file in the Base to submit to OPUS to get an accurate BASE location.

It is also relatively straightforward to use the file that is recorded on the Rover, with time-tagging which is initiated by SurvCE when points are stored to post-process the vector for every RTK shot against the base.

This document describes how to implement time-tagging.

## Time-Tagging vs. Static File

It is possible to close the recording file and open a new file for every shot, however there is a distinct advantage to Time-Tagging. Time-tagging is analogous to a 'Stop-and-Go' occupation. When the file is post-processed, every epoch of data in the file can be evaluated (like PPK) for position. So if you hold the receiver upright and in clear-sky as you move between shots, the entire file can be post-processed. Each epoch of data in the occupation file will have a known vector back to the base.

With Time-Tagging it is possible for a 2-second occupation to have the same accuracy as a 10-minute occupation.

Another advantage of Time-Tagging is the Point ID from Carlson is stored into the RINEX file so that the points in the post-processed stream will exactly match those in the RTK job.



## Enable Point Tagging in SurvCE

You must first enable point tagging in SurvCE when configuring the Rover. From the 'Eqiup: GPS Rover: Receiver (tab)':

SurvCE	,#? <b>∀</b> x <b>4</b> € ×								
😂 GPS Rover	🔁 🔽								
Current Comms R	eceiver RTK								
[IGAIG8     N▼     Time     Abs.       ● Vertical ○ Slant     114.0mm									
Flavation Maaku	.5017 <b>IL</b>								
Elevation Mask:	10								
Position Rate:	5 Hz 🔻								
✓ Use IMU									
Advanced									

Click on the 'Advanced' button and check the 'Tag Stored Points in Log File' checkbox:

🚑 SurvCE	# <b>: Y<sub>×</sub> 4</b> €	×								
<mark> Advanced</mark>										
		X								
✓ Tag Stored Points in L	_og File									
Site Duration:	1	s								
Send file after config										
No File Selec	ted!									
Configure NMEA Output										

Also set the Site Duration to an appropriate period. There are many possibilities, however since the site duration is added to the Averaging time, you may want to set it to 1 second for shots that are triggered by pressing 'S' or Enter as you typically won't be backing them up with post-processing. Then you can use the 'A' (Average) button to trigger shots intended for post-processing.

Once you enable Tagging, when you store a point, a corresponding entry will be made in the RINEX file.

Here is an example of the marker information added to a RINEX file for a 1-second shot:

3 4

1001 A

MARKER NAME MARKER NUMBER 2



-1802366.4898 -	4492696.2899	APPROX POSITION XYZ						
*** NEW SITE (	CCUPATION FOLL	)WS ! ***	COMMENT 1024027022006007021022					
1/10 3 22 59	57.0000000 0 1	2G08G10G14G18G21G24G27	G32R06R07R2	IRZZ				
22963203.250	1206/2511.846	21 000	44.000	22963209.387				
94030504.991	400000000000000000000000000000000000000	31.000						
20468007.617	107560073.339		50.000	20468012.391				
83813094.217		44.000						
22202693.188	116675987.427		46.000	22202695.973				
90916333.712		35.000						
21337863.328	112131100.429		46.000	21337867.160				
87374994.908		38.000						
22515199.477	118318212.652		44.000	22515201.801				
92195989.093		30.000						
22822255.984	119931556.895		36.000	22822262.301				
93453345.046		18.000						
22353860.422	117470551.655		46,000	22353865.898				
91535339,280		40.000						
21206183 039	111439288 593	10.000	51 000	21206187 820				
86835797 039	111439200.393	44 000	51.000	21200107.020				
10721069 605	105235302 954	44.000	46.000	10721066 699				
19721000.095	103233392.034	41 000	40.000	19721000.000				
81849747.790	110101577 050	41.000	40.000	00050000 005				
20958328.055	1121915//.958	47 000	49.000	20958329.285				
87260111.275		47.000						
19886851.711	106418715.115		50.000	19886852.156				
82769990.994		47.000						
20666283.141	110318030.045		50.000	20666283.738				
85802901.217		48.000						
17 10 3 22 59	58.0000000 0 1	2G08G10G14G18G21G24G27	G32R06R07R2	1R22				
22963104.227	120671992.542		44.000	22963110.711				
94030100.335		31.000						
20467937.875	107559704.678		51.000	20467942.023				
83812806.951		43.000						
22202118.391	116672969.749		46,000	22202121,207				
90913982 279	1100/10000000000	36 000	10.000	22202121.20,				
21338038 305	112132021 556	00.000	46 000	21338042 066				
21330030.303	112132021.330	30 000	40.000	21330042.000				
07575712.002	110000000 000	50.000	44 000	22515622 622				
22313021.313	110320429.209	20,000	44.000	22313023.033				
92197716.267	110001000 010	29.000	26.000	00000011 014				
22822305.461	119931820.810		36.000	22822311.914				
93453550.688		17.000						
22354167.664	11/4/2166./35		46.000	22354172.969				
91536597.780		40.000						
21205739.984	111436960.837		51.000	21205744.645				
86833983.202		44.000						
19721192.398	105236054.576		47.000	19721190.543				
81850262.464		40.000						
20957913.203	112189358.577		49.000	20957915.098				
87258385.089		47.000						
19887229.836	106420741.725		50.000	19887231.191				
82771567.241		47.000						
20665836 680	110315644 909	17.0000	50 000	20665836 914				
85801046 110		48 000	00.000					
22001010.110	2	1						
*** QTADT MOM	ב		COMM	ENT				
17 10 3 22 50	59 0000000 0 1	2608610614618621624627	C3280680782	1822				
22963005 711	120671473 648	2000010011010021024027	43 000	22963011 840				
			10.000					

3

Once you have tagging in a RINEX file, you can post-process the file and extract the point in nearly all software packages.

Here is an example of importing a RINEX file with two observations (a 1-second and a 30-second occupation) into TBC:



PP

Processing these observations against a nearby CORS station:

JCI	vices	Baseline	is 🗤 Jess	ion contor		R R	IX-PP	Editor	Traverse	- 20	:ditor	Networ	k 🔻 Cali	ibration	<ul> <li>Settings</li> </ul>	Survey	Points 👕	Points	Featu
									Optical					etwork			COGO		
٢	Plan Vi	ew [My Filte	er] × Vec	tor Spreads	heet 🗙														📄 F
	Vectors																		
	Vecto T	From △	🛛 To Poi 🗊	Solutio ▼	Statu 🖓	GNSS Verti 🏹	Pγ	H. Precisi 🏹	V. Precisi 🏹	Sate 🖓	Ep 🏹	Vector V	From V	ToHY	Start Time 5	7 Tilt Di 🔽	Tilt Comp ∿	7 Tilt Dir ⊽	74
	▶ PV4	RBUT	1001	Fixed	Enable	0.000	2.66	0.027	0.049	7	2	6584.585	0.000	2.000	10/3/2017 4:	?	Π	?	п
	PV5	RBUT	1002	Fixed	Enable	0.000	2.66	0.019	0.035	7	34	6584.595	0.000	2.000	10/3/2017 4:	?	Г	?	Baseli
																			- G

Results in two coordinates with fixed coordinates.

Processing could have also been completed against the Base Station (however, in this case the base was a VRS network mount.)