

# iG10 Check Radios via Web Interface

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## Thesis

This document describes how to check the current radio mode of the iG10 receiver from the Web Interface.

You will need a computer with Wi-Fi to make the connection.

## Method

#### Connecting a computer

Connect a computer to the iG10 receiver using Wi-Fi.

Device Wi-Fi overview:

SSID:	Sxxxxxxxxxxx	device-serial-number
Wi-Fi Key:	(open)	no password is needed, connection is open
address:	192.168.10.1	
port:	80	
User Name:	admin	lower case
password:	password	lower case

To connect the iG10 to your PC with Wi-Fi, on the PC system tray click on the network icon (1) then click on the Wi-Fi list button (2):

7	╶	52
No internet	Not connected	Airplane mod
ġ.	<b>*</b> >	<u>م</u> ،
Night light	Accessibility	Project
40)		
		0
		0

Click on the Network icon in the System Tray



#### Find the iG10 receiver:



Click on **Connect**. Wait a moment for the connection to be completed. If a dialog noting there is no internet available from the connection, choose to 'stay connected'.

Open a browser window and browse to the IP address: 192.168.10.1:

WEB UI	×	+				~	-	0	×
← → C	A Not secure   192.1	68.10.1/login.php		07	Ċ	*	*		9 1
		User admin Password 	admin password						

Enter 'admin' for the User and 'password' for the Password, then click Login



The main interface **Dashboard** window will be shown:

<b>@</b> Ga	ge	048			kapa 🗃 🗖	回 (jG10
<ul> <li>Dashboard</li> <li>Satellites</li> </ul>		Working Mode Base 2000	×	Satellites GPS: 3, BeiDou: 5, GALILEO: 3		Statur Never Expire
Static Surve	Y Working mode settin	£	Satelite setting:		C Management	
Download R	aw Data			Status Receiver status		
Working Mc	ide					
Satellite Set	tings Latitude	Longitude	Height	Actual datalink setting	Network [Classo] Can	wett
Device Setti	40.736275122* ngs	-111.859369233*	1310.241 m	Signal Level	0%	
Save Backup	G Logs			Position Status	Base	
	Time			PDOP	2.301	
0	Receiver time			HRMS	0.000	
Managemen	t Local Time	2024-07-13 17:25:57		VRMS	0.000	
	UTC Time	2024-07-13 17:25:57		Battery	83%,No_Battery	

### If Base is started, stop the Base

On the working Mode panel:

	Working Mode Base Stop
𝔗 Working mode settings	

If Base is selected and the Stop button is shown:

Stop

Click the Stop button. The panel button will change to Start:

1	Working Mode
	Base Start
🔗 Working mode	settings



#### Go to the Working Mode page

On the left panel, click Working Mode:



The Current Datalink should be set to UHF.

If the receiver is a Base these options will be displayed:

Current Datalink :

● UHF ○ Network ○ External ○ Bluetooth ○ Dual ○ WIFI Master

If the receiver is set to **Rover** then these options will be displayed:

Current Datalink : • UHF O Network O External O Bluetooth

Either Base or Rover, UHF will be the correct setting.

## If configured as a Base

The **Base Setup** system will reflect the last base configuration, **Repeat Position** = Known Position with an enter position and **Single** = Read GPS with an autonomous position:

Base setup	
Automatically Start Base	
Ono •yes	
Data Type	
RTCM3 MSM	~
Site ID	
1	
Pdop Threshold	
99.00	[1-99]
Base Position	
Single ORepeat Position	

The **Base setup** is immaterial.



The Data link setup will depend on Base or Rover configuration. As a Base:

Frequency						
●410-470 MH	z					
Radio Channel						
1	~	461.025	MHz	Default Freque	ncy Ch	annel Detection
Radio Protocol						
Satel						~
Channel Spaci	ing: 12.5	KH.V				
FEC: OFF		~				
Radio Power						
High						~
CallSign						
ON						~
CallSign Interval						
15						minutes [1-30]
CallSign Message						
WODN367						

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#### If configured as a **Rover**, then it will look like this:

Data lin	k setu	р				
Frequency						
●410-470 MH	lz					
Radio Channel						
1	~	461.025	MHz	Default Frequency	Channel Detection	
Radio Protocol						
Satel					~	
Channel Spa	cing: 12.5	KHV				
FEC: OFF		~				

The important thing is when you compare the **Base** and **Rover**, these items must be identical:

**Radio Frequency**: it is important for the frequency to match exactly. The Channel might be different, however the FREQUENCY must match.

Radio Protocol: The Radio Protocol must match. We recommend Satel.

**Channel Spacing**: The Channel Spacing must match. 12.5 KHz will result in 9600 baud for the Satel format, 25 KHz will result in 19,200 baud for the Satel format.

FEC: (Forward Error Correction) This item is best left OFF. When set to ON, it adds 30% overhead (extra characters) to every transmitted message. Mismatched FEC settings is the #1 cause of radio communication failure.

## Starting the Base

After configuring the base and clicking Save under the radio settings:



Return to the main **Dashboard** by clicking **Dashboard** on the left panel:

Start the Base by clicking the Start button:





# Radios match, but it still does not work?

If both your Base and Rover match, we recommend changing the settings of both the Base and Rover to see if it fixes the issue. Use these 25 KHz settings:

R	adio Protocol		
	TrimTalk 450S	`	/
	Channel Spacing: 25	[KHZ]	
	FEC: OFF		

On both the Base and Rover receiver. If you use the web interface to Start the Base, then the Rover should FIX (assuming you are outside) after you start it.

For reference, the front panel LED meanings are:

[E3]	Satellite Tracking	Off: Red flashing: available Green flashing: Autone available Green: Green - Red:	no satellites tracked satellites tracked, no position omous, DGPS, Float position Fixed solution GNSS board failure
<b>»</b> («	Datalink Corrections	Green: Green flashing: correc Blue flashing: at	successful device setup tion data is being received observation data being recorded blink rate

Thus, if the receivers are outside on the Base:

Satellite Tracking LED should be Green Flashing (Autonomous or DGPS) and the Batalink Corrections LED should be Green Flashing

On the Rover:

Satellite Tracking LED should be Green Flashing (FLOAT) or Green Solid (FIX) and the Datalink Corrections LED should be Green Flashing