GeoMax Zoom80 Series

User Manual



Version 3.0



Introduction

Purchase	Congratulations on the purchase of a Zoom80 series instrument.			
	This manual contains important safety directions as well as instructions for setting up the product and operating it. Refer to "1 Safety Directions" for further information. Read carefully through the User Manual before you switch on the product.			
Product identification	The type and serial number of your product are indicated on the type plate. Always refer to this information when you contact your agency or GeoMax authorised service workshop.			
Symbols	The symbols used in this manual have the following meanings:			
	Туре	Description		
		Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.		
		Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.		
		Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.		
	NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in appreciable material, financial and environmental damage.		
	Ê	Important paragraphs which must be adhered to in practice as they enable the product to be used in a technically correct and efficient manner.		

Trademarks

Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries • CompactFlash and CF are trademarks of SanDisk Corporation •

Bluetooth[®] is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc. ٠

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Validity of this manual

	Description	
General	This manual applies to all Zoom80 series instruments. Where there are differences between the models they are clearly described.	
Telescope	• Measuring with IR mode : When measuring distances to a reflector with EDM mode "IR", the telescope uses a wide visible red laser beam, which emerges coaxially from the telescope's objective.	
	• Measuring with RL mode and LO mode : When measuring distances with EDM modes "RL" and "LO", the telescope uses a narrow visible red laser beam, which emerges coaxially from the telescope's objective.	

Available documenta- tion	Name	Description/Format			
	Zoom80 Quick Guide	Provides an overview of the product together with technical data and safety directions. Intended as a quick reference guide.	~	~	
	Zoom80 User Manual	All instructions required in order to operate the product to a basic level are contained in the User Manual. Provides an overview of the product together with technical data and safety directions.			
	Zoom80 Technical Reference Manual	Overall comprehensive guide to the system and program functions. Included are detailed descriptions of special software/hardware settings and software/hardware functions intended for technical specialists.	-	~	

Refer to the following resources for all Zoom80 documentation/software:

the GeoMax Zoom80 DVD

٠ www.geomax-positioning.com



Table of Contents

In this manual

Cha	pter		Page
1	Safety	/ Directions	5
_	1.1	General Introduction	5
	1.1	Definition of Use	5
		1.2.1 Instrument	5
	1.3	Limits of Use	5
	1.4	Responsibilities	6
	1.5	Hazards of Use	6
	1.6	Laser Classification	7
		1.6.1 General	7
		1.6.2 Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors	8
		1.6.3 Distancer, Measurements without Reflectors	8
		1.6.4 Aim360	9
		1.6.5 Scout360	10
		1.6.6 Navigation Light	11
		1.6.7 Laser Plummet	11
	1.7	Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC	12
	1.8	FCC Statement, Applicable in U.S.	13
2		iption of the System	15
	2.1	System Components	15
	2.2	System Concept 2.2.1 Software Concept	16 16
		2.2.1 Software Concept 2.2.2 Power Concept	16
		2.2.3 Data Storage and Data Conversion Concept	10
	2.3	Container Contents	17
	2.3	Components	17
	2.4	2.4.1 Instrument	18
3	lleor T	Interface	
5	3.1		19
	3.1	Keyboard 3.1.1 Instrument	19 19
	3.2	Screen	20
	3.2 3.3	Operating Principles	20
	5.5	3.3.1 Instrument	20
	3.4	lcons	22
4	Opera		
-	4.1	Instrument Setup	24 24
	4.2	Instrument Setup for Remote Control	25
		4.2.1 Remote Control Setup	25
		4.2.2 LED Indicators on ZRT81/ZRT82	25
	4.3	Autodetect Behaviour	26
	4.4	Fixing the handheld to a holder and pole	26
	4.5	Batteries	27
		4.5.1 Operating Principles	27
		4.5.2 Instrument	27
	4.6	Working with the CompactFlash Card	28
		4.6.1 Instrument	28
	4.7	Accessing Survey Application Program	29
	4.8	Guidelines for Correct Results	30
5	Check	& Adjust	31
	5.1	Overview	31
	5.2	Preparation	32
	5.3	Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and Aim360)	32
	5.4	Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)	33
	5.5	Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instrument and Tribrach	35
	5.6	Adjusting the Circular Level of the Prism Pole	35
	5.7	Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument	35
	5.8	Servicing the Tripod	36

6	Care and	Transport
	6.1	Transport

6.2 Storage 37

37

37

	6.3	Cleaning	g and Drying	38
	6.4	Mainten	ance	38
7	Techni	ical Data		39
	7.1	Instrum	lent	39
		7.1.1	General Technical Data of the Instrument	39
		7.1.2	Angle Measurement	41
		7.1.3	Distance Measurement with Reflectors	41
		7.1.4	Distance Measurement without Reflectors	42
		7.1.5	Distance Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)	42
		7.1.6	Aim360	43
		7.1.7	Scout360	44
		7.1.8	Scale Correction	44
		7.1.9	Reduction Formulas	46
	7.2	Conform	nity to National Regulations	47
		7.2.1	Dangerous Goods Regulations	47
		7.2.2	Instrument	48
		7.2.3	ZRT81/ZRT82	48
8	Softwa	are Licence	Agreement	49

1	Safety Directions General Introduction			
1.1				
Description	The following directions enable the person responsible for the product, and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.			
	The person responsible for the product must ensure that all users understand these directions and adhere to them.			
1.2	Definition of Use			
1.2.1	Instrument			
Intended use	 Measuring horizontal and vertical angles. Measuring distances. Recording measurements. Automatic target search, recognition and -tracking. Visualising the aiming direction and vertical axis. Remote control of product. Data communication with external appliances. Computing with software. 			
Reasonably forseeable misuse	 Use of the product without instruction. Use outside of the intended use and limits. Disabling safety systems. Removal of hazard notices. Opening the product using tools, for example screwdriver, unless this is permitted for certain functions. Modification or conversion of the product. Use after misappropriation. Use of products with recognisable damages or defects. Use with accessories from other manufacturers without the prior explicit approval of GeoMax. Aiming directly into the sun. Inadequate safeguards at the working site. Deliberate dazzling of third parties. Controlling of machines, moving objects or similar monitoring application without additional control-and safety installations. 			
	Adverse use can lead to injury, malfunction and damage. It is the task of the person responsible for the equipment to inform the user about hazards and how to counteract them. The product is not to be operated until the user has been instructed on how to work with it.			
1.3	Limits of Use			
Environment	Suitable for use in an atmosphere appropriate for permanent human habitation: not suitable for use in aggressive or explosive environments.			
A DANGER	Local safety authorities and safety experts must be contacted before working in hazardous areas, or close to electrical installations or similar situations by the person in charge of the product.			



1.4		Responsibilities			
Manu produ	facturer of the uct	GeoMax AG, CH-9443 Widnau, hereinafter referred to as GeoMax, is responsible for supplying the product, including the user manual and original accessories, in a safe condition.			
Person responsible for the product		 The person responsible for the product has the following duties: To understand the safety instructions on the product and the instructions in the user manual. To ensure that it is used in accordance with the instructions. To be familiar with local regulations relating to safety and accident prevention. To inform GeoMax immediately if the product and the application becomes unsafe. To ensure that the national laws, regulations and conditions for the operation of e.g. radio transmitters or lasers are respected. 			
1.5		Hazards of Use			
	CAUTION	Watch out for erroneous measurement results if the product has been dropped or has been misused, modi- fied, stored for long periods or transported. Precautions: Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the user manual, particularly after the product has been subjected to abnormal use and before and after important meas- urements.			
⚠	DANGER	Because of the risk of electrocution, it is dangerous to use poles and extensions in the vicinity of electrical installations such as power cables or electrical railways. Precautions: Keep at a safe distance from electrical installations. If it is essential to work in this environment, first contact the safety authorities responsible for the electrical installations and follow their instructions.			
ΝΟΤΙ	CE	With the remote control of products, it is possible that extraneous targets will be picked out and measured. Precautions: When measuring in remote control mode, always check your results for plausibility.			
⚠	CAUTION	Be careful when pointing the product towards the sun, because the telescope functions as a magnifying glass and can injure your eyes and/or cause damage inside the product. Precautions: Do not point the product directly at the sun.			
⚠	WARNING	During dynamic applications, for example stakeout procedures there is a danger of accidents occurring if the user does not pay attention to the environmental conditions around, for example obstacles, excava- tions or traffic. Precautions: The person responsible for the product must make all users fully aware of the existing dangers.			
⚠	WARNING	Inadequate securing of the working site can lead to dangerous situations, for example in traffic, on building sites, and at industrial installations. Precautions: Always ensure that the working site is adequately secured. Adhere to the regulations governing safety and accident prevention and road traffic.			
⚠	WARNING	If computers intended for use indoors are used in the field there is a danger of electric shock. Precautions: Adhere to the instructions given by the computer manufacturer regarding field use with GeoMax products.			
⚠	CAUTION	If the accessories used with the product are not properly secured and the product is subjected to mechan- ical shock, for example blows or falling, the product may be damaged or people can sustain injury. Precautions: When setting-up the product, make sure that the accessories are correctly adapted, fitted, secured, and locked in position. Avoid subjecting the product to mechanical stress.			

⚠	WARNING	ARNING If the product is used with accessories, for example masts, staffs, poles, you may increase the risk of l struck by lightning. Precautions: Do not use the product in a thunderstorm.	
	WARNING	During the transport, shipping or disposal of batteries it is possible for inappropriate mechanical influences to constitute a fire hazard. Precautions: Before shipping the product or disposing of it, discharge the batteries by running the product until they are flat. When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping contact your local passenger or freight transport company.	
⚠	WARNING	High mechanical stress, high ambient temperatures or immersion into fluids can cause leakage, fire or explosions of the batteries. Precautions: Protect the batteries from mechanical influences and high ambient temperatures. Do not drop or immerse batteries into fluids.	
	WARNING	If battery terminals are short circuited e.g. by coming in contact with jewellery, keys, metalized paper or other metals, the battery can overheat and cause injury or fire, for example by storing or transporting in pockets. Precautions: Make sure that the battery terminals do not come into contact with metallic objects.	
	WARNING	 If the product is improperly disposed of, the following can happen: If polymer parts are burnt, poisonous gases are produced which may impair health. If batteries are damaged or are heated strongly, they can explode and cause poisoning, burning, corrosion or environmental contamination. By disposing of the product irresponsibly you may enable unauthorised persons to use it in contravention of the regulations, exposing themselves and third parties to the risk of severe injury and rendering the environment liable to contamination. Precautions: The product must not be disposed with household waste. Dispose of the product appropriately in accordance with the national regulations in force in your country. Always prevent access to the product by unauthorised personnel. 	
⚠	WARNING	Only GeoMax authorised service workshops are entitled to repair these products.	
1.6		Laser Classification	
1.6.	1	General	
Gene	ral	 The following chapters provide instructions and training information about laser safety according to international standard IEC 60825-1 (2014-05) and technical report IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02). The information enables the person responsible for the product and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards. According to IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02), products classified as laser class 1, class 2 and class 3R do not require: laser safety officer involvement, protective clothes and eyewear, special warning signs in the laser working area if used and operated as defined in this User Manual due to the low eye hazard level. National laws and local regulations could impose more stringent instructions for the safe use of lasers than IEC 60825-1 (2014-05) and IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02). 	

1	6	2
	v	_

Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors

General

The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

- The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:
 - IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value	
Maximum average radiant power	0.33 mW	
Pulse duration	800 ps	
Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz - 150 MHz	
Wavelength	650 nm - 690 nm	

Labelling



1.6.3 **Distancer, Measurements without Reflectors**

General

The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 3R in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 3R laser products:

Direct intrabeam viewing may be hazardous (low eye hazard level), in particular for deliberate ocular exposure. The beam may cause dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, particularly under low ambient light conditions. The risk of injury for laser class 3R products is limited because of:

- a) unintentional exposure would rarely reflect worst case conditions of (e.g.) beam alignment with the pupil, worst case accommodation,
- b) inherent safety margin in the maximum permissible exposure to laser radiation (MPE)
- c) natural aversion behaviour for exposure to bright light for the case of visible radiation.

Description	Value (R1000)
Maximum average radiant power	5.00 mW
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz - 150 MHz
Wavelength	650 nm - 690 nm
Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad
NOHD (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance) @ 0.25s	80 m / 262 ft





From a safety perspective, class 3R laser products should be treated as potentially hazardous.

- Precautions:
- 1) Prevent direct eye exposure to the beam.
- 2) Do not direct the beam at other people.

CAUTION

Potential hazards are not only related to direct beams but also to reflected beams aimed at reflecting surfaces such as prisms, windows, mirrors, metallic surfaces, etc.

Precautions:

- 1) Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, such as a mirror, or which could emit unwanted reflections.
- 2) Do not look through or beside the optical sight at prisms or reflecting objects when the laser is switched on, in laser pointer or distance measurement mode. Aiming at prisms is only permitted when looking through the telescope.

Labelling





Laser Aperture

a) Laser beam





Aim360

General

The Aim360 built into the product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products"
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products" ٠

Class 1 laser products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	10 mW
Pulse duration	11 ms
Pulse repetition frequency	37 Hz
Wavelength	785 nm





1.6.5 Scout360

General

The Scout360 built into the product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the front side of the telescope.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products" ٠
- EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products"

Class 1 laser products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	11 mW
Pulse duration	20 ns, 40 ns
Pulse repetition frequency	24.4 kHz
Wavelength	850 nm

Labelling





Navigation Light

(P

General

The integrated Navigation Light produces a visible LED beam from the front side of the telescope.

The product described in this section, is excluded from the scope of IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products".

The product described in this section, is classified as exempt group in accordance with IEC 62471 (2006-07) and does not pose any hazard provided that the product is used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.



b) LED beam yellow

1.6.7 Laser Plummet

General

The laser plummet built into the product produces a visible red laser beam which emerges from the bottom of the product.

The laser product described in this section, is classified as laser class 2 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2007-03): "Safety of laser products".
- ٠ EN 60825-1 (2007-10): "Safety of laser products".

Class 2 laser products:

These products are safe for momentary exposures but can be hazardous for deliberate staring into the beam.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	1.00 mW
Pulse duration	0 - 100 %
Pulse repetition frequency	1 kHz
Wavelength	635 nm

CAUTION

From a safety perspective, class 2 laser products are not inherently safe for the eyes.

Precautions:

1) Avoid staring into the beam or viewing it through optical instruments.

2) Avoid pointing the beam at other people or at animals.





Laser Radiation Do not stare into the beam Class 2 Laser Product according to IEC 60825-1 (2007 - 03) $Po \le 1.00 \text{ mW}$ λ = 620 - 690 nm

a) Will be replaced by a class 3R warning label if applicable



- b) Exit for laser beam

Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC 1.7

Descr	iption	The term Electromagnetic Compatibility is taken to mean the capability of the product to function smoothly in an environment where electromagnetic radiation and electrostatic discharges are present, and without causing electromagnetic disturbances to other equipment.
\triangle	WARNING	Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment.
		Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, GeoMax cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed.
	CAUTION	There is a risk that disturbances may be caused in other equipment if the product is used with accessories from other manufacturers, for example field computers, personal computers, two-way radios, non-standard cables or external batteries. Precautions: Use only the equipment and accessories recommended by GeoMax. When combined with the product, they meet the strict requirements stipulated by the guidelines and standards. When using computers and two-way radios, pay attention to the information about electromagnetic compatibility provided by the manu-
		facturer.
⚠	CAUTION	Disturbances caused by electromagnetic radiation can result in erroneous measurements. Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, GeoMax cannot completely exclude the possibility that the product may be disturbed by intense electromagnetic radiation, for example, near radio transmitters, two-way radios or diesel generators. Precautions:
	-	Check the plausibility of results obtained under these conditions.

	CAUTION	If the product is operated with connecting cables attached at only one of their two ends, for example external supply cables, interface cables, the permitted level of electromagnetic radiation may be exceeded and the correct functioning of other products may be impaired. Precautions: While the product is in use, connecting cables, for example product to external battery, product to computer, must be connected at both ends.	
Radios phone	or digital cellular s	Use of product with radio or digital cellular phone devices:	
	WARNING	 Electromagnetic fields can cause disturbances in other equipment, in installations, in medical devices, for example pacemakers or hearing aids and in aircraft. It can also affect humans and animals. Precautions: Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, GeoMax cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment can be disturbed or that humans or animals can be affected. Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in the vicinity of filling stations or chemical installations, or in other areas where an explosion hazard exists. Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices near to medical equipment. Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in aircraft. 	
1.8		FCC Statement, Applicable in U.S.	
	_	The greyed paragraph below is only applicable for products without radio.	
	WARNING	 This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures: Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna. Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help. 	
⚠	WARNING	Changes or modifications not expressly approved by GeoMax for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.	
Labell	ing Zoom80	The device cancer harm my cause harmful interference in that my cause harmful interference in the my cause harmful interfe	
	ing internal y ZBA400	This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. The Construction Total States of the Construction of the Construction of the Construction to accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.	





Labelling ZRT82





System Components

Main components



Component	Description	
Zoom80	an instrument for measuring, calculating and capturing data.	
	comprised of various models with a range of accuracy classes.	
	combined with the data logger to conduct remote control surveys.	
	connected with GGO to view, exchange and manage data.	
ZRT81/ZRT82	Long-range Bluetooth device used on Zoom80 for communication to the data logger.	
Data logger	A multi-purpose handheld with long-range Bluetooth cap enabling the remote control of Zoom80.	
GGO	An office software consisting of a suite of standard and extended programs for the viewing, exchange and management of data.	

Terminology

The following terms and abbreviations may be found in this manual:

Term	Description	
TPS	Total Station Positioning System	
GGO	GeoMax Geo Office	
EDM	Electronic Distance Measurement EDM refers to the laser distancer incorporated into the instrument which enable distance measurement.	
	 Three measuring modes are available: IR mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances to prisms. RL mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances without prisms LO mode. This mode refers to the visible red laser and the ability to measure extended distances to prisms. 	
accXess10	accXess10 refers to the Reflectorless EDM technology which enables an increased measuring range with a smaller laser spot size.	
NavLight	A Navigation Light fitted to an instrument assists with prism targeting. It consists of two differently coloured flashing lights located in the instrument telescope housing. The person holding the prism can align him/herself into the instrument's line of sight.	
Aim360	Aim360 refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic fine pointing to a prism.	
Automation	 Three automation modes are available: None: - no automation and no tracking. Aim360: automatic fine pointing to a prism. Track360: automatic tracking of an already targeted prism. 	
Scout360	Scout360 refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic rapid finding of a prism.	
ZRT81/ZRT82	A component for remote control is ZRT81/ZRT82. It is both an integrated long- range Bluetooth modem with attached antenna and instrument carry handle.	



Instrument models	Model	Description	
	Zoom80 S	Reflectorless EDM, Aim360, Track360.	
	Zoom80 R	Reflectorless EDM, Aim360, Track360, Scout360.	
GGO	The program package GGO is used for the data exchange between the instrument and a computer. It contains several auxiliary programs in order to support the instrument.		
	For more information a	about GGO refer to the comprehensive online help.	
2.2	System Concept	t	
2.2.1	Software Concep	ot	
Description	All instruments use the	e same software concept.	
Software type	Software type	Description	
	System software	This software comprises the central functions of the instrument. It is also referred to as firmware.	
		The programs Survey and Setup are integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.	
		The English language is integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.	
	Language software	Numerous languages are available for the instruments. This software is also referred to as system language.	
		The system software enables a maximum of three languages which can be stored at any one time - the English language and two other languages. The English language is the default language and cannot be deleted. One language is chosen as the active language.	
	Application programs	A suite of optional survey-specific application programs is available for the instru- ment.	
		Some of the programs are activated freely and require no license key and others require purchasing and are only activated with a license key.	
Software upload	 All instrument software is stored in the System RAM of the instrument. The software can be uploaded onto the instrument using the following methods: Using GGO the software is transferred via the serial interface to the CompactFlash card in the instrument, which is then stored to the System RAM. By connecting the CompactFlash card directly to the computer either via an internal card slot housing or an external drive, the software is transferred to the card, which is then stored to the System RAM. Uploading firmware can take some time. Ensure that the battery is at least 75% full before beginning the upload, and do not remove the battery during the upload process. 		
2.2.2	Power Concept		
General	Use the GeoMax batteries, chargers and accessories or accessories recommended by GeoMax to ensure the correct functionality of the instrument.		
	·		
Power options	Туре	Power supply	



2.2.3 **Data Storage and Data Conversion Concept** Description Data is stored within a job in a database on a CompactFlash card. A CompactFlash card housing is standard. A CompactFlash card can be Memory device CompactFlash card: inserted and removed. Available capacity: 256 MB. (B) Whilst other CompactFlash cards may be used, GeoMax recommends GeoMax CompactFlash cards and cannot be held responsible for data loss or any other error that may occur when using a non-GeoMax card. Unplugging connecting cables or removing the CompactFlash card during the measurement may cause () loss of data. Always return to the Main Menu before removing the CompactFlash card and switch off the instrument before removing cables. Data conversion Export Job data can be exported from a job in a variety of file types. A format can be defined in GGO Format Manager. Refer to the online help of GGO Format Manger for information on creating format files. Import Data can be imported from ASCII, DXF, GSI8 or GSI16 format. Transfer raw data to Raw data can be transferred between the database on the CompactFlash card and GGO in two ways: GGO From the CompactFlash card directly via a serial interface to a project in GGO on a PC. From the CompactFlash card using for example a card reader to a project in GGO on a PC. For Zoom80 CompactFlash cards can directly be used in an external drive. Some PC card drives can require (S an adaptor.

2.3 Container Contents

Container for instrument and accessories



- a) Data transfer cable
- b) ZDE100 diagonal eyepiece
- c) Protective cover for instrument
- d) Instrument with tribrach and ZRT81/ZRT82
- e) Spare stylus
- f) Allen key
- g) CompactFlash cards and covers
- h) Quick Guide
- i) ZBA400 Battery
- j) ZCH201 battery charger



2.4.1 Instrument



User Interface 3 3.1 Keyboard 3.1.1 Instrument

Keyboard



d) ENTER

Keys

Кеу	Description	
Hot keys F7-F12	User definable keys to execute commands or access chosen screens.	
Alphanumeric keys	To type letters and numbers.	
CE	Clears all entry at the beginning of user input.Clears the last character during user input.	
ESC	Leaves the current menu or dialog without storing changes made.	
USER	Calls the user-defined menu.	
PROG (ON)	 If the instrument is off: to turn instrument on. If the instrument is on: press at any time to select an application program. 	
ENTER	 Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical dialog/menu. Starts the edit mode for edit fields. Opens a list box. 	
SHIFT	Changes between the first and the second level of function keys.	
Arrow keys	Move the focus on the screen.	
Function keys F1-F6	• Correspond to the six softkeys that appear on the bottom of the screen when the screen is activated.	

Key combinations

Keys	Description	
PROG plus USER	Turns instrument off.	
SHIFT F12	Calls STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.	
SHIFT (F11)	Calls CONFIGURE Lights, Display, Beeps, Text, Lights page.	
SHIFT USER	Calls QUICK SET Change Settings to:	
SHIFT 📥	Pages up.	
SHIFT	Pages down.	



Screen



- a) Time
- b) Caption
- c) Title
- d) Screen area
- e) Message line
- f) Icons
- ESC 🖂 g)
- h) CAPS
- i) SHIFT icon
- j) Quick coding icon
- k) Softkeys

Elements of the screen

Element	Description	
Time	The current local time is shown.	
Caption	Shows location either in Main Menu, under PROG key or USER key.	
Title	Name of the screen is shown.	
Screen area	The working area of the screen.	
Message line	Messages are shown for 10 s.	
Icons	Shows current status information of the instrument. Refer to "3.4 Icons". Can be used with touch screen.	
ESC 🖂	Can be used with touch screen. Same functionality as the fixed key ESC . The last operation will be undone.	
CAPS	The caps mode for upper case letters is active. The caps mode is activated and deactivated by pressing UPPER(F5) or LOWER(F5) in some screens.	
SHIFT icon	Shows the status of the SHIFT key; either first or second level of softkeys is selected. Can be used with touch screen and has the same functionality as the fixed key SHIFT .	
Quick coding icon	Shows the quick coding configuration. Can be used with touch screen to turn quick coding on and off.	
Softkeys	Commands can be executed using (F1)-(F6) keys. The commands assigned to the softkeys are screen-dependent. Can be used directly with touch screen.	
Scroll bar	Scrolls the screen area up and down.	

3.3

screen

Operating Principles

The user interface is operated either by the keyboard or by the touch screen with supplied stylus. The workflow is the same for keyboard and touch screen entry, the only difference lies in the way information is selected and entered.

Selecting from a menu

Keyboard and touch

Appearance	Description
17:11 Image: Strate in the	To select an item from a menu, do one of the following: Move the focus to the item. ENTER or CONT (F1). OR Type the complete selection number in front of the item. ENTER or CONT (F1) are not required. OR Tap on the item with the stylus.

Edit an entire value in input fields

Appearance	Description
Survey Map Point ID : 001	 Highlight the field. Type numeric and/or alphanumeric characters to overwrite. ENTER or tap outside of the field.



Appearance	Description
17:27 Image: State of the state of th	To select a page in a screen, do one of the following: PAGE (F6) . OR Tap on the page tab with the stylus.

Edit an individual character in input fields

Appearance	Description
Survey[Map] Point ID : 001	A character can be inserted or overwritten. The procedure is the same for both cases.
	1) Highlight the field.
	 For the keyboard: ENTER. The edit mode is activated where addi- tional functions like insert and overwrite are available.
	1) For the touch screen: Highlight the characters to be changed.
	1) Type numeric and/or alphanumeric characters.
	1) ENTER or tap outside of the field.

Access special alphanumeric characters for input

Step	Description	
1.	Highlight the input field.	
2.	For the keyboard: ENTER.	
3.	Toggle to the desired special character set by using the up/down arrow keys.	
4.	Press the function key assigned to the required character group.	
5.	Press the function key with the required character.	
6.	Repeat step 4. and 5. for entering more special characters of the same character set.	
7.	ENTER	

Appearance and selection from a choicelist

Choicelists have various appearances.

Closed choicelist

Appearance	Description	Selection
Write Logfile: Yes아 File Name : logfile.txt아 Format File : 아	further available choices.	Use the arrow keys ◀ ▶ to change through the list or tap the trian- gles on the screen.

ENTER or tap on the field to access the choicelist. Opening a choicelist reveals either a simple listbox or a comprehensive listbox dialog.

Simple listbox

Appearance	Description	Selection
Date Format : Day.Honth.Year∳ Date : 18.11.05	Choicelist shows items to select.	Highlight the item and ENTER.
	A search field is shown if necessary.A scroll bar is shown if neces- sary.	 To exit without changes ESC, tap ⊠ or outside the simple listbox.



Listbox dialog

Appearance	Description	Selection
17:11 → ● IR I * * ● ● IR J ■ MANAGE → ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●	 Choicelist fills the whole screen. A search field is shown. A scroll bar is shown if necessary. 	 Highlight the item and CONT (F1). To exit without changes press ESC or tap X.
CONT NEW EDIT DEL DATA	The functionality comprises adding, editing and deleting of items.	
	Listbox dialogs are explained in detail at appropriate places in the manuals.	

3.3.1 Instrument

Turn instrument on

Turn instrument off step-by-step

Press and hold **PROG** for 2 s.

Step	Description		
(F	The instrument can only be turned off in the Main Menu.		
1.	Press and hold both USER and PROG simultaneously. OR Press ESC for more than 2 s.		
2.	Press YES (F6) to continue or NO (F4) to cancel.		
	For instruments setup in permanent installations with external power sources, for example monitoring, ensure external power remains available until the instrument has successfully completed the power down process.		

Lock/Unlock keyboard	Option	Description
	Lock	To lock the keyboard press and hold SHIFT for 3 s. The message 'Keyboard locked' is momen- tarily displayed on the Message Line.
	Unlock	To unlock the keyboard press and hold SHIFT for 3 s. The message 'Keyboard unlocked' is momentarily displayed on the Message Line.

3.4 Icons

Description

The screen icons display the status information of the instrument.

Position of the icons on the screen

17:37 Zoom 80 Main Menu	abcd efgh
1 Survey	2 Programs 3 Manage
4 Convert CONT	5 Config 6 Tools []]]

a) Aim360/Track360/Scout360

- b) Reflector
- c) EDM
- d) Compensator/face I&II
- e) Bluetooth
- f) Line/area
- g) CompactFlash card
- h) Battery
- i) SHIFT
- j) Quick coding

Icons

Icon	Description
Aim360/Track360/Scout36 0	The currently active Aim360/Track360/Scout360 settings or searches are displayed.
Reflector	The currently active reflector is displayed.
EDM	The currently active EDM measurement settings are displayed.
Compensator/face I&II	Compensator off, out of range or face I&II icon is displayed.
Remote control	Remote control is turned on.



Icon	Description
Bluetooth	The status of each Bluetooth port and any Bluetooth connection is displayed.
Line/area	The number of lines and areas currently open in the active job is displayed.
CompactFlash card	The status of the CompactFlash card is displayed.For the CompactFlash card, the capacity of used space is shown in seven levels.
Battery	The status and source of the battery is displayed. The percentage of remaining power capacity for all batteries is displayed numerically and graphically. For internal and external battery being attached at the same time the internal battery is used until it is empty and then the external battery is used.
SHIFT	The status of the SHIFT key is displayed.
Quick coding	Shows the quick coding configuration. Can be used with touch screen to turn quick coding on and off.



4 4.1

Ē

Operation

Instrument Setup

Description

This topic describes an instrument setup over a marked ground point using the laser plummet. It is always possible to set up the instrument without the need for a marked ground point.

Important features

- It is always recommended to shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.
- The laser plummet described in this topic is built into the vertical axis of the instrument. It projects a red spot onto the ground, making it appreciably easier to centre the instrument.
- The laser plummet cannot be used with a tribrach equipped with an optical plummet.

Setup step-by-step



Step	Description					
(j)	Shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instru- ment.					
1.	Extend the tripod legs to allow for a comfortable working posture. Position the tripod over the marked ground point, centring it as well as possible.					
2.	Fasten the tribrach and instrument onto the tripod.					
3.	Turn on the instrument by pressing PROG for 2 s. Press SHIFT (F12) to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet , activating the laser plummet.					
4.	Move the tripod legs (1) and use the tribrach footscrews (6) to centre the plummet (4) over the ground point.					
5.	Adjust the tripod legs to level the circular level (7).					
6.	By using the electronic level turn the tribrach footscrews (6) to precisely level the instrument.					
7.	Centre the instrument precisely over the ground point (4) by shifting the tribrach on the tripod plate (2).					
8.	Repeat steps 6. and 7. until the required accuracy is achieved.					



4.2.1

4.2

Remote Control Setup

Attaching the ZRT81/ZRT82 to the instrument



Step	Description
	Refer to "4.1 Instrument Setup" for the initial instrument setup onto a tripod. Remove the instrument carry handle by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
1.	Place the ZRT81/ZRT82 onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the ZRT81/ZRT82 is on the same side as the Bluetooth port.
2.	Swing the ZRT81/ZRT82 antenna into an upright position.

Instrument setup for **Remote Control**



4.2.2 LED Indicators on ZRT81/ZRT82

Description

LED Indicators

The ZRT81/ZRT82 has Light Emitting Diode indicators. They indicate the basic ZRT81/ZRT82 status.

Diagram of the LED Indicators



- Power LED a)
- b) Link LED
- Data Transfer LED c)
- d) Mode LED



Description of the LED Indicators

IF the	is	THEN		
Power LED	off	power is off.		
	green	power is on.		
Link LED	off	no radio link to remote controller.		
	red	radio link to remote controller.		
Data Transfer LED	off	no data transfer to/from remote controller.		
	green or green flashing	data transfer to/from remote controller.		
Mode LED	off	data mode.		
	red	configuration mode.		

Autodetect Behaviour

Description

4.3

The instrument incorporates an autodetect behaviour and automatically detects the following device:
 ZRT81/ZRT82

- Whenever a device is attached, the instrument responds with two short beeps.
- Whenever a device is removed, the instrument responds with one long beep.

ZRT81/ZRT82

4.4

• ZRT81/ZRT82 is automatically detected by the instrument when it is attached and the port configured.

Fixing the handheld to a holder and pole

Components of the ZHR200 holder



Clamp

- a) Locking pin
- b) Tightening screw
- c) Pole clamp
- Holder
- d) Tightening screw
- e) Pin

Fixing the handheld to the holder step-by-step

Step	Description
1.	Insert the pole into the clamp hole.
2.	Tighten the clamp with the tightening screw.
3.	To attach the holder to the clamp insert the pin into the catch of the clamp while pushing down the locking pin.
4.	Place the handheld in the holder.
5.	Tighten the screw of the holder to fix the handheld to the holder.



4.5 Batteries

4.5.1 Operating Principles

ferrer and the second	
Charging / first-time use	• The battery must be charged prior to using it for the first time because it is delivered with an energy content as low as possible.
	• The permissible temperature range for charging is between 0°C to +40°C/+32°F to +104°F. For optimal charging we recommend charging the batteries at a low ambient temperature of +10°C to +20°C/+50°F to +68°F if possible.
	• It is normal for the battery to become warm during charging. Using the chargers recommended by GeoMax, it is not possible to charge the battery if the temperature is too high.
	 For new batteries or batteries that have been stored for a long time (> three months), it is effectual to make only one charge/discharge cycle.
	 For Li-Ion batteries, a single discharging and charging cycle is sufficient. We recommend carrying out the process when the battery capacity indicated on the charger or on a GeoMax product deviates significantly form the actual battery capacity available.
Operation / Discharging	• The batteries can be operated from -20°C to +55°C/-4°F to +131°F.
	• Low operating temperatures reduce the capacity that can be drawn; high operating temperatures reduce the service life of the battery.
4.5.2	Instrument

Insert and remove battery step-by-step







4.6	Working with the CompactFlash Card					
(B	Keep the card dry.Use it only within the specified temperature range.					
	Do not bend the card.Protect the card from direct impacts.					
(B)	Failure to follow these instructions could result in data loss and/or permanent damage to the card.					
(B)	Recommendations to prevent corrupt measurement data that cannot be imported into GGO: Format the CF card on a regular base. 					
	 Do NOT remove the battery during operation. Always shut down the instrument by pressing the OFF key. 					
	Do NOT use the battery until it is completely empty resulting in an irregular shutdown of the instru- ment.					

4.6.1 Instrument

Insert and remove a CompactFlash card step-by-step

7	
Step	Description
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The CompactFlash card compartment is now on the right side of the instrument. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the CompactFlash card compartment.
2.	Open the lid of the CompactFlash card compartment.
3.	Pull the front of the CompactFlash card up and take the card out of the lid.
4.	Place the lower end of the CompactFlash card at the lower end of the CompactFlash card compartment. The extended edge of the card has to be on the upper side as shown on the pictogram in the CompactFlash card compartment.
5.	Press the card down on the lid.
6.	Close the lid.
7.	Turn the knob to lock the CompactFlash card compartment. The lid is closed correctly when the knob is turned to a horizontal position.



Formatting the CompactFlash card before starting to store data is required if a completely new Compact-Flash card is used or if all existing data needs to be deleted.

Step	Description
1.	Main Menu: Tools\Format Memory Device
2.	TOOLS Format Memory Device
	<memory card="" cf="" device:=""></memory>
	<format format="" method:="" quick=""></format>
	Select the memory device to be formatted.
(B)	By activating the format command all data will be lost. Make sure that all important data on the CompactFlash card has been backed up before formatting the card. Before formatting the internal memory make sure that all important data is first transferred to the PC.
	To exit the screen without formatting the memory device, press ESC. This returns to the previous screen without execution of any command.
3.	CONT (F1).
4.	YES (F4) to complete the formatting of the CompactFlash card.
	NO (F6) to abort the formatting of the CompactFlash card and return to TOOLS Format Memory Device .
5.	Once the formatting of the CompactFlash card is completed the system returns to the Main Menu .

4.7 **Accessing Survey Application Program**

Access

SURVEY **Survey Begin** Select Main Menu: Survey.

OR Press PROG. Highlight Survey. CONT (F1).

Config Set : sur Reflector : Circular pr		*	IR I	$+\epsilon$		17:11 SURVEY
Codelist : <no Config Set : sur Reflector : Circular pr</no 				in	Beg	the second se
Config Set : sur Reflector : Circular pr	re job.∐⊵	active		:		Job
Reflector : Circular pr	<none>小</none>	<		:	st	Codeli
	survey 🔶	s		:	Set	Config
Add. Constant:	prism 🕩	cular j	Cire	:	tor	Reflec
	0.0 mm			ant:	onsta	Add. C
CONT CONF SETUP	Q1a	1	un l	r (er	0.0115	CONT

CONT (F1)

To accept changes and access the subsequent screen. The chosen settings become active.

CONF (F2)

To access SURVEY Configuration.

SETUP (F3)

Opens SETUP Station Setup to set station and orientation.

Description of fields

Field	Option	Description
<job:></job:>	Choicelist	The active job. All jobs from Main Menu: ManageJobs can be selected.
<codelist:></codelist:>	Choicelist	No codes are stored in the selected <job:></job:> . All codelists from Main Menu: Manage\Codelists can be selected.
	Output	Codes have already been stored in the selected <job:></job:> . If codes had been copied from a System RAM codelist, then the name of the codelist is displayed. If codes have not been copied from a System RAM codelist but typed in manually, then the name of the active job is displayed.
<config set:=""></config>	Choicelist	The active configuration set. All configuration sets from Main Menu: Manage(Configuration Sets can be selected. The instrument has numerous user configuration parameters and functions. This allows a variety of preferences to be addressed. The configuration of the parameters and func- tions for an individual measuring technique are combined in a configuration set.
<reflector:></reflector:>	Choicelist	Displays the active reflector. All reflectors from Main Menu: Manage\Reflectors. All listed reflectors can be selected.
<add. constant:=""> Output</add.>		Displays the additive constant stored with the chosen reflector.

Next step

CONT (F1) to access SURVEY Survey: Job Name, where measurements can be performed with ALL (F1) or DIST (F2) and/or REC (F3).



Very short distances may be measured reflectorless in IR mode to well reflecting targets. Note that the distances are corrected with the additive constant defined for the active reflector.

Distance measurement

When measurements are being made using the red laser EDM, the results can be influenced by objects passing between the EDM and the intended target surface. This occurs because reflectorless measurements are made to the first surface returning sufficient energy to allow the measurement to take place. For example, if the intended target surface is the surface of a building, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface is the surface of a building, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface is the surface of a building, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface to the vehicle, not to the surface of the building. If using the long range measurement mode (> 1000 m, > 3300 ft) to prisms, and an object passes within 30 m of the EDM as the measurement is triggered, the distance measurement may be similarly effected
due to the strength of the laser signal.
Due to laser safety regulations and measuring accuracy, using the Long Range Reflectorless EDM is only allowed to prisms that are more than 1000 m (3300 ft) away.
Accurate measurements to prisms should be made in IR mode.
When a distance measurement is triggered, the EDM measures to the object which is in the beam path at that moment. If a temporary obstruction, for example a passing vehicle, heavy rain, fog or snow is between the instrument and the point to be measured, the EDM may measure to the obstruction.
Do not measure with two instruments to the same target simultaneously to avoid getting mixed return signals.
The Aim360 sensor permits automatic angle and distance measurements to prisms. The prism is sighted with the optical sight. After initiating a distance measurement, the instrument sights the prism centre automatically. Vertical and horizontal angles and the distance are measured to the centre of the prism. The Track360 mode enables the instrument to follow a moving prism.
As with all other instrument errors, the collimation error of the automatic aiming must be redetermined periodically. Refer to "5 Check & Adjust" about checking and adjusting instruments.
When a measurement is triggered while the prism is still moving, distance and angle measurements may not be made for the same position and coordinates may vary.
If the prism location is changed too quickly, the target may be lost. Make sure that the speed does not exceed the figure given in the technical data.



Ē

5	Check & Adjust						
5.1	Overview						
Description	GeoMax instruments are manufactured, assembled and adjusted to a high quality. Quick temperature changes, shock or stress can cause deviations and decrease the instrument accuracy. It is therefore recommended to calibrate the instrument from time to time. This can be done in the field by running through specific measurement procedures. The procedures are guided and have to be followed carefully and precisely as described in the following chapters. Some other instrument errors and mechanical parts can be adjusted mechanically.						
Electronic adjustment	The following instrument errors	s can be checked a	and adjusted e	electronically:			
	i Vertical inc c Horizontal a Tilting axis	tor longitudinal an dex error, related collimation error, error ro point error for l	to the standin also called line	g axis e of sight error			
	Every angle measured in the dations are activated in the instru Settings\Compensator to c	aily work is correc iment configuratio	ted automatic	ally if the compensate			
View current adjust- ment errors	The currently used adjustment Adjust\Current Values.	The currently used adjustment errors can be viewed under Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust\Current Values.					
Aechanical adjustment	 The following instrument parts can be adjusted mechanically: Circular level on instrument and tribrach Laser plummet Optical plummet - option on tribrach Allen screws on tripod 						
Precise measurements	 To get precise measurements in the daily work, it is important: To check and adjust the instrument from time to time. To take high precision measurements during the check and adjust procedures. To measure targets in two faces. Some of the instrument errors are eliminated by averaging the angles from both faces. Refer to "5.2 Preparation" to find more important points. 						
Ē	 During the manufacturing process, the instrument errors are carefully determined and set to zero. As mentioned above, these errors can change and it is highly recommended to redetermine them in the following situations: Before the first use Before every high precision survey After rough or long transportation After long working periods After long storage periods If the temperature difference between current environment and the temperature at the last calibration is more than 20°C 						
Summary of errors to be adjusted electronically	Instrument error	Effects Hz	Effects V	Elimination with two face measurement	Automatically corrected with proper adjust- ment		
	c - Line of sight error	✓		✓	✓		
	a - Tilting axis error	~		✓	✓		
	I - Compensator index error		✓	✓	✓		
	t - Compensator index error	✓		✓	✓		
	i - Vertical index error		✓	✓	✓		
	Aim360 Collimation error	✓	~		1		

(P

(F

(B

S

Preparation



Before determining the instrument errors, the instrument has to be levelled using the electronic level. SHIFT (F12) to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet, Level page. The tribrach, the tripod and the underground should be stable and secure from vibrations or other disturbances.



The instrument should be protected from direct sunlight to avoid thermal warming. It is also recommended to avoid strong heat shimmer and air turbulence. The best conditions are early in the morning or with overcast sky.

Before starting to work, the instrument has to become acclimatised to the ambient temperature. Approximately two minutes per °C of temperature difference from storage to working environment, but at least 15 min, should be taken into account.

Even after adjustment of the Aim360, the crosshairs may not be positioned exactly on the centre of the prism after an Aim360 measurement has been completed. This outcome is a normal effect. The telescope is not normally positioned exactly on the centre of the prism, to speed up the Aim360 measurement. These small deviations/Aim360 offsets, are calculated individually for each measurement and corrected electronically. This means that the horizontal and vertical angles are corrected twice: first by the determined Aim360 errors for Hz and V, and then by the individual small deviations of the current aiming.

Next Step

IF the task is to	THEN
adjust a combination of instrument errors	Refer to "5.3 Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and Aim360)".
adjust the tilting axis	Refer to "5.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)".
adjust the circular level	Refer to "5.5 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instrument and Tribrach".
adjust the laser/optical plummet	Refer to "5.7 Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument".
adjust the tripod	Refer to "5.8 Servicing the Tripod".

5.3

Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and Aim360)

prism.

Description	The combined adjustment procedure determines the following instrument errors in one process:		
	l, t i c Aim360 H Aim360 V	······································	
Combined adjustment procedure step-by-step	The follow	wing table explains the most common settings. Description	
	1.	Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust	
	2.	TOOLS Check & Adjust Menu	
		Select the option: Combined (I,t,i,c,Aim)	
	3.	TOOLS Combined I	
		Aim Adjust: On> Includes the determination of the Aim360 Hz and V adjustment errors. It is recommended to use a clean GeoMax circular prism as target. Do not use a 360°	



Step	Description			
4.	Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distant. The target must be positioned within ± 9°/± 10 gon of the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any telescope face.			
5.	MEAS (F1) to measure and to continue to the next screen.			
	Instruments change automatically to the other face.			
	180° 180° 180° 180° 180°			
6.	TOOLS Combined II			
	MEAS (F1) to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the instrument errors.			
() I	If one or more errors are bigger than the predefined limits, the procedure has to be repeated. All measurements of the current run are rejected and none of them is averaged with the results from previous runs.			
7.	TOOLS Adjustment Accuracy			
	<no.of meas:=""> Shows the number of runs executed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.</no.of>			
	Columna Comp: and similar lines show the standard deviations of the determined adjustment errors. The standard deviations can be calculated from the second run onwards.			
()	It is recommended to measure at least two runs.			
8.	MEAS (F5) if more runs have to be added. Continue with step 3.			
	OR			
	CONT (F1) to accept the measurements and to proceed to TOOLS Adjustment Results . No more runs can be added later.			

Next step	IF the results are	THEN
	to be stored	CONT (F1) overwrites the old adjustment errors with the new ones, if the Use status is set to Yes .
	to be determined again	REDO (F2) rejects all new determined adjustment errors and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to step 3. of paragraph "Combined adjustment procedure step-by-step".

Tilting Axis Adjustment (a) 5.4

Description

This adjustment procedure determines the following instrument error: а Tilting axis error

Determination of tilting axis error step-by-step

The follo	The following table explains the most common settings.	
Step	Description	
	The Hz collimation error (c) has to be determined before starting this procedure.	
1.	Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust	
2.	TOOLS Check & Adjust Menu	





Step	Description
3.	TOOLS Tilting-Axis Adjustment I Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distance or less if not possible. The target must be positioned at least 27°/30 gon above or beneath the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any telescope face.
4.	MEAS (F1) to measure and to continue to the next screen. Instruments change automatically to the other face. The fine pointing has to be performed manually in both faces.
5.	TOOLS Tilting-Axis Adjustment II MEAS (F1) to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the tilting axis error.
(B)	If the error is bigger than the predefined limit, the procedure has to be repeated. The tilting axis measurements of the current run are then rejected and not averaged with the results from previous runs.
6.	TOOLS T-Axis Adjustment Accuracy
	<no.of meas:=""> Shows the number of runs executed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.</no.of>
	$< \sigma$ a T-axis:> shows the standard deviation of the determined tilting axis error. The standard deviation can be calculated from the second run onwards.
() I	It is recommended to measure at least two runs.
7.	MEAS (F5) if more runs have to be added. Continue with step 3.
	OR
	CONT (F1) to accept the measurements and to proceed to TOOLS T-Axis Adjustment Result . No more runs can be added later.

Next step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	CONT (F1) overwrites the old tilting axis error with the new one.
C C	REDO (F2) rejects the new determined tilting axis error and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to step of paragraph "Determination of tilting axis error step-by-step".

Adjusting the circular level step-by-step



Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level. SHIFT (F12) to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.
3.	Check the position of the circular level on the instrument and tribrach.
4.	a) If both circular levels are centered, no adjustments are necessary.b) If one or both circular levels are not centered, adjust as follows:
	Instrument: If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws. Turn the instrument by 200 gon (180°). Repeat the adjustment procedure if the circular level does not stay centered.
	Tribrach: If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws.
()	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws should have the same tightening tension and no adjusting screw shall be loose.

5.6 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Prism Pole

Adjusting the Circular Level Step-by-Step	Step	Description	
	1.	Suspend a plumb line.	
	2.	Use a pole bipod, to align the prism pole parallel to the plumb line.	
	3.	Check the position of the circular level on the prism pole.	
	4.	 a) If the circular level is centred, no adjustment is necessary. b) If the circular level is not centred, use an allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws. 	
	(B)	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws must have the same tightening tension and adjusting screw should be loose.	no

Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument

(P

5.7

The laser plummet is integrated into the vertical axis of the instrument. Under normal conditions of use, the laser plummet does not need adjusting. If an adjustment is necessary due to external influences, the instrument has to be returned to a GeoMax service workshop.

Inspecting the laser plummet step-by-step



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level. SHIFT (F12) to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.
3.	PAGE (F6) to access the Laser Plummet page. Switch on the laser plummet. Inspection of the laser plummet should be carried out on a bright, smooth and horizontal surface, like a sheet of paper.
4.	Mark the centre of the red dot on the ground.
5.	Turn the instrument through 360° slowly, carefully observing the movement of the red laser dot.
	The maximum diameter of the circular movement described by the centre of the laser point should not exceed 3 mm at a distance of 1.5 m.
6.	If the centre of the laser dot describes a perceptible circular movement or moves more than 3 mm away from the point which was first marked, an adjustment may be required. Inform your nearest GeoMax authorised service workshop. Depending on brightness and surface, the diameter of the laser dot can vary. At 1.5 m it is about 2.5 mm.

Servicing the Tripod 5.8

Servicing the tripod step-by-step



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
(B)	The connections between metal and timber components must always be firm and tight.
1.	Tighten the leg cap screws moderately, with the supplied allen key.
2.	Tighten the articulated joints on the tripod head enough to keep the tripod legs open when lifting the tripod off the ground.
3.	Tighten the allen screws of the tripod legs.


6 Care and Transport

6.1	Transport					
Transport in the field	 When transporting the equipment in the field, always make sure that you either carry the product in its original transport container, or carry the tripod with its legs splayed across your shoulder, keeping the attached product upright. 					
Transport in a road vehicle	Never carry the product loose in a road vehicle, as it can be affected by shock and vibration. Always carry the product in its transport container, original packaging or equivalent and secure it.					
Shipping	When transporting the product by rail, air or sea, always use the complete original GeoMax packaging, transport container and cardboard box, or its equivalent, to protect against shock and vibration.					
Shipping, transport of batteries	When transporting or shipping batteries, the person responsible for the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping, contact your local passenger or freight transport company.					
Field adjustment	Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the User Manual, particularly after the product has been dropped, stored for long periods or transported.					
6.2	Storage					
Product	Respect the temperature limits when storing the equipment, particularly in summer if the equipment is inside a vehicle. Refer to "7 Technical Data" for information about temperature limits.					
Field adjustment	After long periods of storage inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.					
Li-Ion batteries	 Refer to "Technical Data" for information about storage temperature range. Remove batteries from the product and the charger before storing. After storage recharge batteries before using. Protect batteries from damp and wetness. Wet or damp batteries must be dried before storing or use. A storage temperature range of 0°C to +30°C / +32°F to +86°F in a dry environment is recommended to minimize self-discharging of the battery. At the recommended storage temperature range, batteries containing a 30% to 50% charge can be stored for up to one year. After this storage period the batteries must be recharged. 					



6.3	Cleaning and Drying
Product and accessories	 Blow dust off lenses and prisms. Never touch the glass with your fingers. Use only a clean, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning. If necessary, moisten the cloth with water or pure alcohol. Do not use other liquids; these can attack the polymer components.
Fogging of prisms	Prisms that are cooler than the ambient temperature tend to fog. It is not enough simply to wipe them. Keep them for some time inside your jacket or in the vehicle to allow them to adjust to the ambient temperature.
Damp products	Dry the product, the transport container, the foam inserts and the accessories at a temperature not greater than 40°C/104°F and clean them. Do not repack until everything is dry. Always close the transport container when using in the field.
Cables and plugs	Keep plugs clean and dry. Blow away any dirt lodged in the plugs of the connecting cables.
6.4	Maintenance
Motorisation	An inspection of the motorisation in motorised instruments must be done in a GeoMax authorised service workshop. GeoMax recommends an inspection of the product every 12 months. For instruments which are in intensive or permanent use, for example tunnelling or monitoring, the recommended inspection cycle may be reduced.

. . .

-

- -

7

Technical Data

Instrument

7.1

General Technical Data of the Instrument 7.1.1

Compensator	Туре	Setting accuracy		Settin
Telescope	Magnification: Clear objective diame Focusing: Field of view:	30 x 40 mm 1.7 m/5.6 ft to infinity 1°30'/1.66 gon. 2.7 m at 100 m		

Туре	Setting ad	curacy	Setting ra	nge
	["]	[mgon]	[']	[gon]
Zoom80 S/R 1"	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
Zoom80 S/R 2"	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
Zoom80 S/R 5"	1.5	0.5	4	0.07
Circular level sensitivity:		6′/2 mm		
Electronic level resolu	ution:	2"		

Level

Control unit

Display: Keyboard:

Angle Display: Distance Display: Position: Touch screen:

1/4 VGA (320 x 240 pixels), colour, graphics capable LCD, illumination, touch screen 34 keys including 12 function keys and 12 alphanumeric keys, illumination 360°'", 360° decimal, 400 gon, 6400 mil, V %m, ft int, ft us, ft int inch, ft us inch In both faces, face two is optional Toughened film on glass

Instrument Ports

Port	Name	Description
Port 1	Port 1	5 pin LEMO-0 for power, communication, data transfer.This port is located at the base of the instrument.
Port 2	Handle	Hotshoe connection for ZRT81/ZRT82 with instrument.
Port 3	BT	Bluetooth module for communication.

Instrument Dimensions





Weight

Instrument: Tribrach: Internal battery ZBA400: 4.8 - 5.5 kg 0.7 kg 0.2 kg



Recording

Data can be recorded onto a CompactFlash card.

	Туре	Capacity [MB]	Number of measurements per MB
	CompactFlash card	256	1750
Laser plummet	Туре:	Visible red laser clas	
	Location:	In standing axis of ir	nstrument
	Accuracy:	Deviation from plum	b line:
	Ş	1.5 mm (2 sigma) at	: 1.5 m instrument height
	Diameter of laser point:	2.5 mm at 1.5 m ins	8
Drives	Туре:	Endless horizontal and ve	rtical drives
Motorisation	Maximum rotating speed:	45° (50 gon)/s	
Power	External supply voltage:	Nominal voltage 12.8 V D	C, Range 11.5 V-13.5 V
Internal battery	Туре:	Li-Ion	
-	Voltage:	7.4 V	
	Capacity:	ZBA400: 4.4 Ah	

Environmental specifications

Temperature

Туре	Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]		
Instrument	-20 to +50	-40 to +70		
GeoMax CompactFlash card	-40 to +80	-40 to +80		
Battery internal	-20 to +55	-40 to +70		
Bluetooth	-30 to +60	-40 to +80		

Protection against water, dust and sand

Туре	Protection
Instrument	IP54 (IEC 60529)

Humidity

Working range:

Position accuracy:

Туре	Protection
	Max 95 % non condensing The effects of condensation are to be effectively counteracted by periodi- cally drying out the instrument.

Reflectors

Туре	Additive Constant [mm]	Aim360	Scout360
Circular prism	0.0	yes	yes
Mini prism	+17.5	yes	yes
Mini 0	0	yes	yes
360° prism	+23.1	yes	yes
360° Mini prism	+30.0	yes	not recommended
Reflective tape	+34.4	yes	no
Reflectorless	+34.4	no	no

5 m to 150 m (15 ft to 500 ft)

5 cm at 100 m (1.97" at 330 ft)

There are no special prisms required for Aim360 or for Scout360.

Navigation Light

The following automatic corrections are made:

- Line of sight error •
- Tilting axis error
- Earth curvature
- Circle eccentricity .
- Compensator index error •

- Vertical index error •
 - Standing axis tilt
 - Refraction
 - Aim360 zero point error •

7.1.2 **Angle Measurement**

Accuracy

Туре	std. dev. Hz, V, ISO 17123-3		Display least cou	nt
	["]	[mgon]	["]	[mgon]
Zoom80 S/R	1	0.3	0.1	0.1
Zoom80 S/R	2	0.6	0.1	0.1
Zoom80 S/R	5	1.5	0.1	0.5

Characteristics

Absolute, continuous, diametric.

7.1.3

Distance Measurement with Reflectors

Range

Range	Reflector		Range A		Range I	В	Range C	
			[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
	Circular prism		1800	6000	3000	10000	3500	12000
	3 prisms		2300	7500	4500	14700	5400	17700
	360° prism		800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000
	360° Mini prism		450	1500	800	2600	1000	3300
	Mini prism		800	2600	1200	4000	2000	7000
	Reflective tape 60 mm x 60 mm		150	500	250	800	250	800
	Shortest measuring dist	ance:		1.5 r	n			
Atmospheric conditions	Range A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer Range B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer Range C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer Measurements can be made to reflector tapes over the entire range without external ancillary optices							
Accuracy	Accuracy refers to measurements to standard prisms.							
	EDM measuring mode	std. dev. standard	ISO 17123- prism	4, std. tape	dev. ISO 1 e	7123-4,	Measureme typical [s]	ent time,
	Standard	1 mm + 1	1 mm + 1.5 ppm 5 mm + 2 ppm			2.4		
	Fast	3 mm + 1	.5 ppm	5 mi	m + 2 ppm		0.8	
	Tracking 3 mm + 1.5 ppm 5 mm + 2 ppm < 0.15							
	Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in devia- tions of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1 mm.							
Characteristics	Principle: Type:		se measurer xial, visible		-			

658 nm

System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz



Carrier wave:

Measuring system:

7.1.4

Distance Measurement without Reflectors

Range	Туре	Kodak Gray Card	Range	D	Range	E	Range F				
			[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]			
	accXess10	White side, 90 % reflective	800	2630	1000	3280	>1000	>3280			
	accXess10	Grey side, 18 % reflective	400	1320	500	1640	>500	>1640			
	Range of Measurement:1.5 m - 1200 mDisplay unambiguous:up to 1200 m										
Atmospheric conditions	E: Objec	t in strong sunlight, s t in shade, sky overca ground, night and tw	ist	shimmer							
Accuracy			l. dev. O 17123-4			Measure time, maximum [s]					
	0 m - 500 m	nm + 2 pp	n	3 - 6		12					
	>500 m	nm + 2 ppm		3 - 6		12					
Characteristics				ified accur	acy. The dis						
-	Measuring sys	tem: Sy	stem analy	ser basis 1	100 MHz - 15	0 MHz					
Laser dot size	Distance [m	Laser dot size, approximately [mm]									
	at 30	at 30			7 x 10						
	at 50		8 x 20								

7.1.5

Distance Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)

Range	Reflector	Range	A	Range B		Range C			
		[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]		
	Circular prism	2200	7300	7500	24600	>10000	>32800		
	Range of measurement: Display unambiguous:				1000 m to 12000 m up to 12000 m				
Atmospheric conditions	Range A:Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmerRange B:Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat sRange C:Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer					ght heat shim	mer		
Accuracy	Standard measuring	-	td. dev. Measure time, SO 17123-4 typical [s]			Measure time, maximum [s]			
	Long Range	5 mm +	2 ppm	2.5	2.5		12		
	Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in devia tions of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1 mm.								
Characteristics	teristics Principle: Type: Carrier wave: Measuring system:		Phase measurement Coaxial, visible red laser 658 nm System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz						

7.1.6

Range Aim360 (Track360	Reflector					Range Aim360 mode				Range Track360 mode		
Aim360/Track360						[m]		[ft]	[m]	[ft]	
	Circular	prism				1000		330	00	800	2600	
	360° prism					800		260	00	600	2000	
	360° Mini prism					350		11	50	300	1000	
	Mini prism					500		160	00	400	1300	
	Reflective tape 60 mm x 60 mm					55		175	5	not qualif	ied	
	The maximum range can be restricted by poorer conditions, for example rain.											
		measuring measuring								1.5 m 5 m		
Aim360 accuracy with he circular prism	Aim360 angle accuracy Hz, V (std. dev. ISO 17123-3):									1 " (0.3 mgc	n)	
	Base Pos	itioning acc	uracy (s	td.dev	.):					± 1 mm		
System accuracy with Aim360	 The accuracy with which the position of a prism can be determined with Aim360 depends on several factors such as internal Aim360 accuracy, instrument angle accuracy, prism type, selected EDM measuring program and the external measuring conditions. The Aim360 has a basic standard deviation lever of ± 1 mm. Above a certain distance, the instrument angle accuracy predominates and takes over the standard deviation of the Aim360. The following graph shows the Aim360 standard deviation based on different prism types, distances and instrument accuracies. 											
		mm 20										
		18							5"			
		16										
		14										
		12										
		10										
	_	8				[2"			
		6							_ °			
	GRZ4	4		\vdash					1"			
	۲	2	\swarrow									
		0										
	m 8 4 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0											
	GeoMax GRZ4 prism (360°)											
	Circular prisms and circular Mini prisms											
	mm Aim360 accuracy [mm]											
	mm Aim360 accuracy [mm] m Distance measurement [m] " Instrument angle accuracy ["]											
Maximum speed in Frack360 mode	Maximum tangential speed: Maximum radial speed with <edm mode:="" tracking=""></edm>						5 m/s at 20 m; 25 m/s at 100 m 5 m/s					
Searching	Typical search time in field of view:							5 s				
	Field of view: Definable search windows:						1° Y∈	25′/1.5 s	5 gon			
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Principle:						Digital image processing				
Characteristics							Di	gital im	age proce	essing		

Scout360

	Reflector		Range Track360				
				[m]	[ft]		
	Circular prism		300	1000			
	360° prism		300*	1000*			
	Mini prism			100	330		
	Measurements at the vertical lim the maximum range. (*optimally Shortest measuring distance:			atmospheric c	onditions may reduc		
Gearching	Typical search time: Default search area: Definable search windows:	<10 s Hz: 400 gon, Yes	Hz: 400 gon, V: 40 gon				
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Digital signal Infrared laser					
7.1.8	Scale Correction						
Jse of scale correction	 By entering a scale correction, re Atmospheric correction. Reduction to mean sea level. Projection distortion. 	n be taken inte	o account.				
Atmospheric correction D1	 The slope distance displayed is correct if the scale correction in ppm, mm/km, which has been enter corresponds to the atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time of the measurement. The atmospheric correction includes: Adjustments for air pressure Air temperature Relative humidity For highest precision distance measurements, the atmospheric correction should be determined with accuracy of 1 ppm. The following parameters must be redetermined: Air temperature to 1 °C Air pressure to 3 mbar Relative humidity to 20 % 						
	 accuracy of 1 ppm. The following Air temperature to 1 °C Air pressure to 3 mbar 		•	ction should be	e determined with a		
Air humidity	 accuracy of 1 ppm. The following Air temperature to 1 °C Air pressure to 3 mbar 	i parameters must	be redetermined: ent if the climate i	s extremely h	ot and damp.		
Air humidity	accuracy of 1 ppm. The following • Air temperature to 1 °C • Air pressure to 3 mbar • Relative humidity to 20 % The air humidity influences the d For high precision measurements	istance measurem	be redetermined: ent if the climate i dity must be meas	s extremely h sured and ente ty correction [umidity [%]	ot and damp. red along with the a		
ir humidity correction	 accuracy of 1 ppm. The following Air temperature to 1 °C Air pressure to 3 mbar Relative humidity to 20 % The air humidity influences the d For high precision measurements pressure and the temperature. ppm +5 +4 +4 +3 +2 +1 +0 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 °C	i parameters must listance measurem , the relative humi	be redetermined: ent if the climate i dity must be meas ppm Air humidi % Relative h	s extremely h sured and ente ty correction [umidity [%] rature [°C]	ot and damp. red along with the a [mm/km]		
ir humidity correction	accuracy of 1 ppm. The following • Air temperature to 1 °C • Air pressure to 3 mbar • Relative humidity to 20 % The air humidity influences the d For high precision measurements pressure and the temperature. ppm +5 +4 +3 +2 +1 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 °C Type	istance measurem , the relative humi	be redetermined: ent if the climate i dity must be meas ppm Air humidi % Relative h	s extremely h sured and ente ty correction [umidity [%] rature [°C]	ot and damp. red along with the a [mm/km]		
ir humidity correction	accuracy of 1 ppm. The following • Air temperature to 1 °C • Air pressure to 3 mbar • Relative humidity to 20 % The air humidity influences the d For high precision measurements pressure and the temperature. ppm +5 +4 +3 +2 +1 +0 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 °C Type combined EDM	parameters must istance measurem the relative humi Index n 1.0002863	be redetermined: ent if the climate i dity must be meas dity must be meas c Relative h C° Air temper	s extremely h ured and enter ty correction [umidity [%] rature [°C] carrier wav 658	ot and damp. red along with the mm/km]		
ir humidity correction	accuracy of 1 ppm. The following • Air temperature to 1 °C • Air pressure to 3 mbar • Relative humidity to 20 % The air humidity influences the d For high precision measurements pressure and the temperature. ppm +5 +4 +3 +2 +1 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 °C Type	parameters must istance measurem the relative humi Index n 1.0002863	be redetermined: ent if the climate i dity must be meas dity must be meas c Relative h C° Air temper	s extremely h ured and enter ty correction [umidity [%] rature [°C] carrier wav 658	ot and damp. red along with the mm/km]		
	accuracy of 1 ppm. The following • Air temperature to 1 °C • Air pressure to 3 mbar • Relative humidity to 20 % The air humidity influences the d For high precision measurements pressure and the temperature. ppm +5 +4 +3 +2 +1 +0 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 °C Type combined EDM	parameters must istance measurem the relative humi Index n 1.0002863	be redetermined: ent if the climate i dity must be meas dity must be meas c Relative h C° Air temper	s extremely h ured and enter ty correction [umidity [%] rature [°C] carrier wav 658	ot and damp. red along with the a mm/km]		

Formula for visible red laser

	$\Delta D_{1} = 286.338 - \left[\frac{0.29535 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^{x} \right]$
	$\Delta D_{1} \text{ Atmospheric correction [ppm]}$ $p \text{Air pressure [mbar]}$ $t \text{Air temperature [°C]}$ $h \text{Relative humidity [%]}$ $\alpha \frac{1}{273.15}$ $r = (7.5 \pm 1/(227.2 - 1)) = 0.7057$
	 x (7.5 * t/(237.3 + t)) + 0.7857 If the basic value of 60 % relative humidity as used by the EDM is retained, the maximum possible error in the calculated atmospheric correction is 2 ppm, 2 mm/km.
Reduction to mean sea level ∆D ₂	The values for ΔD_2 are always negative and are derived from the following formula: $\Delta D_2 = -\frac{H}{R} \cdot 10^6$ Begin to mean sea level [ppm] H Height of EDM above sea level [m] R 6.378 * 10 ⁶ m
Projection distortion ΔD ₃	The magnitude of the projection distortion is in accordance with the projection system used in a particular country, for which official tables are generally available. The following formula is valid for cylindrical projections such as that of Gauss-Krüger: $\Delta D_3 = \frac{\chi^2}{2R^2} \cdot 10^6$ $X = \frac{\Delta D_3}{16} = \frac{\chi^2}{2R^2} \cdot 10^6$ In countries where the scale factor is not unity, this formula cannot be directly applied.
Atmospheric correc- tions °C	Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [°C], air pressure [mb] and height [m] at 60 % relative summative.





Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [°F], air pressure [inch Hg] and height [ft] at 60 % relative humidity.



7.1.9

Reduction Formulas



Distance measuring program Averaging

In the distance measuring program Averaging, the following values are displayed:

- D Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- Number of measurements n

These values are calculated as follows:

$$\overline{D} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} D_{i}$$

 $S_{\overline{D}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{n}}$

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (D_i - \overline{D})^2}{n - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} (\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_i)^2}{n - 1}}$$

- Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all meas-D urements
- Σ Sum
- Di Single slope distance measurement
- Number of measurements n
- Standard deviation of a single slope distance S measurement
- Σ Sum
- Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all meas-D urements
- D Single slope distance measurement
- Number of distance measurements n

The standard deviation $S_{\overline{D}}$ of the arithmetic mean of the distance can be calculated as follows:

- $S_{\overline{D}}$ Standard deviation of the arithmetic mean of the distance
- S Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

7.2 **Conformity to National Regulations** 7.2.1 **Dangerous Goods Regulations Dangerous Goods Regu-**The products of GeoMax are powered by Lithium batteries.

lations Lithium batteries can be dangerous under certain conditions and can pose a safety hazard. In certain conditions, Lithium batteries can overheat and ignite. When carrying or shipping your GeoMax product with Lithium batteries onboard a commercial (B) aircraft, you must do so in accordance with the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations. GeoMax has developed Guidelines on "How to carry GeoMax products" and "How to ship GeoMax (B) products" with Lithium batteries. Before any transportation of a GeoMax product, we ask you to consult these guidelines on our web page (www.geomax-positioning.com/dgr) to ensure that you are in accordance with the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations and that the GeoMax products can be transported correctly.

Damaged or defective batteries are prohibited from being carried or transported onboard any S aircraft. Therefore, ensure that the condition of any battery is safe for transportation.



7.2.2	Instrument						
Conformity to national regulations	 FCC Part 15 (applicable in US). Hereby, GeoMax AG, declares that the instrument Zoom80 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity is available from GeoMax AG. Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EEA Member state. The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation. 						
Frequency band	2402 - 2480 MHz						
Output power	Bluetooth:						
	4 mW max.						
Antenna	Type:Internal Microstrip antennaGain:1.5 dBi						
7.2.3	ZRT81/ZRT82						
Conformity to national regulations	 FCC Part 15 (applicable in US) Hereby, GeoMax AG, declares that the ZRT81/ZRT82 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity is available from GeoMax AG. Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EEA Member state The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation. 						
Frequency band	Limited to 2402 - 2480 MHz						
Output power	< 100 mW (e. i. r. p.)						
Antenna	Type:λ/2 dipole antennaGain:2 dBiConnector:Special customized SMB						

Software Licence Agreement

This product contains software that is preinstalled on the product, or that is supplied to you on a data carrier medium, or that can be downloaded by you online according to prior authorisation from GeoMax. Such software is protected by copyright and other laws and its use is defined and regulated by the GeoMax Software Licence Agreement, which covers aspects such as, but not limited to, Scope of the Licence, Warranty, Intellectual Property Rights, Limitation of Liability, Exclusion of other Assurances, Governing Law and Place of Jurisdiction. Please make sure, that at any time you fully comply with the terms and conditions of the GeoMax Software Licence Agreement.

Such agreement is provided together with all products and can also be referred to and downloaded at the GeoMax home page at http://www.geomax-positioning.com or collected from your GeoMax distributor.

You must not install or use the software unless you have read and accepted the terms and conditions of the GeoMax Software Licence Agreement. Installation or use of the software or any part thereof, is deemed to be an acceptance of all the terms and conditions of such Licence Agreement. If you do not agree to all or some of the terms of such Licence Agreement, you must not download, install or use the software and you must return the unused software together with its accompanying documentation and the purchase receipt to the distributor from whom you purchased the product within ten (10) days of purchase to obtain a full refund of the purchase price.



GeoMax Zoom80 Series



794008-3.0.0en Original text © 2015 GeoMax AG, Widnau, Switzerland

> GeoMax AG www.geomax-positioning.com

